

The Audit Findings Report for Mid Devon District Council

Year ending 31 March 2016

15 July 2016

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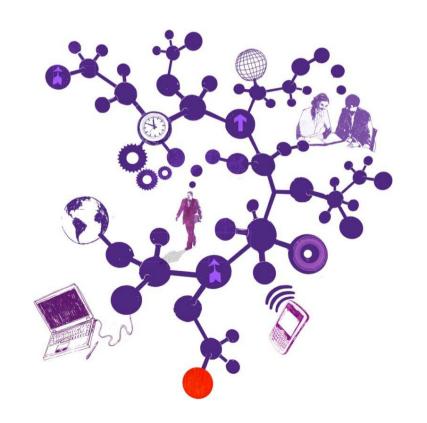
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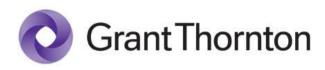
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15 July 2016

Dear Members of the Audit Committee

Audit Findings for Mid Devon District Council for the year ending 31 March 2016

This Audit Findings report highlights the key findings arising from the audit for the benefit of those charged with governance (in the case of Mid Devon District Council, the Audit Committee), as required by International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) 260, the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice. Its contents have been discussed with officers.

As auditors we are responsible for performing the audit, in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK & Ireland), which is directed towards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements.

The contents of this report relate only to those matters which came to our attention during the conduct of our normal audit procedures which are designed primarily for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and giving a value for money conclusion. Our audit is not designed to test all internal controls or identify all areas of control weakness. However, where, as part of our testing, we identify any control weaknesses, we will report these to you. In consequence, our work cannot be relied upon to disclose defalcations or other irregularities, or to include all possible improvements in internal control that a more extensive special examination might identify. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

We would like to take this opportunity to record our appreciation for the kind assistance provided by the finance team and other staff during our audit.

Geraldine Dalv

Chartered Accountants

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Section 1: Executive summary

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Purpose of this report

This report highlights the key issues affecting the results of Mid Devon District Council ('the Council') and the preparation of the Council's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016. It is also used to report our audit findings to management and those charged with governance in accordance with the requirements of International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) 260, and the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 ('the Act').

Under the National Audit Office (NAO) Code of Audit Practice ('the Code'), we are required to report whether, in our opinion, the Council's financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council and its income and expenditure for the year and whether they have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.

We are also required to consider other information published together with the audited financial statements, whether it is consistent with the financial statements and in line with required guidance.

We are required to carry out sufficient work to satisfy ourselves on whether the Council has made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources ('the value for money (VFM) conclusion').

Auditor Guidance Note 7 (AGN07) clarifies our reporting requirements in the Code and the Act. We are required to provide a conclusion whether in all significant respects, the Council has put in place proper arrangements to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the relevant period.

The Act also details the following additional powers and duties for local government auditors, which we are required to report to you if applied:

• a public interest report if we identify any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit that in our opinion should be considered by the Council or brought to the public's attention (section 24 of the Act);

- written recommendations which should be considered by the Council and responded to publicly (section 24 of the Act);
- application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law (section 28 of the Act);
- issue of an advisory notice (section 29 of the Act); and
- application for judicial review (section 31 of the Act)

We are also required to give electors the opportunity to raise questions about the accounts and consider and decide upon objections received in relation to the accounts under sections 26 and 27 of the Act.

Introduction

In the conduct of our audit we have not had to alter or change our audit approach, which we communicated to you in our Audit Plan dated 15 March 2016

Our audit is substantially complete although we are finalising our internal procedures in the following areas:

- review of senior officers pay note
- complete testing of government grants
- response to enquiry to District valuer
- review of the final version of the financial statements
- obtaining and reviewing the management letter of representation
- review of revised versions of the Annual Governance Statement;
- updating our post balance sheet events review, to the date of signing the opinion; and
- whole of Government Accounts consistency check

We received draft financial statements and accompanying working papers at the commencement of our work , in accordance with the agreed timetable.

Key audit and financial reporting issues

Financial statements opinion

We have not identified any adjustments affecting the Council's reported financial position (details are recorded in section two of this report). The draft financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 recorded Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure of 7,923k surplus; and there is no change in the audited financial statements. A prior period adjustment was made to the provision of services – return on assets where the council had identified that this should be charged below the line in the CIES. This is an adjustment to the previous year's classification only and has no impact on the recorded net position.

The key messages arising from our audit of the Council's financial statements are:

- The accounts were prepared early to enable a faster delivery of the audit opinion and this has been achieved; and
- We have not identified any adjustments that affect the Council's reported financial position.

Further details are set out in section two of this report.

We anticipate providing an unqualified audit opinion in respect of the financial statements (see Appendix B).

Other financial statement responsibilities

As well as an opinion on the financial statements, we are required to give an opinion on whether other information published together with the audited financial statements is consistent with the financial statements. This includes:

• if the Annual Governance Statement does not meet the disclosure requirements set out in the CIPFA/SOLACE guidance or is misleading or inconsistent with the information of which we are aware from our audit.

Controls

Roles and responsibilities

The Council's management is responsible for the identification, assessment, management and monitoring of risk, and for developing, operating and monitoring the system of internal control.

Our audit is not designed to test all internal controls or identify all areas of control weakness. However, where, as part of our testing, we identify any control weaknesses, we report these to the Council.

Findings

Our work has not identified any control weaknesses which we wish to highlight for your attention.

Further details are provided within section two of this report.

Value for Money

Based on our review of significant risks, we are satisfied that, in all significant respects, the Council had proper arrangements in place to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Further detail of our work on Value for Money are set out in section three of this report.

Other statutory powers and duties

We have not identified any issues that have required us to apply our statutory powers and duties under the Act.

Grant certification

In addition to our responsibilities under the Code, we are required to certify the Council's Housing Benefit subsidy claim on behalf of the Department for Work and Pensions. At present our work on this claim is in progress and is not due to be finalised until 30 November 2016. We will report the outcome of this certification work through a separate report to the Audit Committee which is due in February 2017.

The way forward

Matters arising from the financial statements audit and our review of the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources have been discussed with the Head of Finance.

Acknowledgement

We would like to take this opportunity to record our appreciation for the assistance provided by the finance team and other staff during our audit.

Grant Thornton UK LLP 15 July 2016



Section 2: Audit findings

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02. Audit findings

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Materiality

In performing our audit, we apply the concept of materiality, following the requirements of International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) (ISA) 320: Materiality in planning and performing an audit. The standard states that 'misstatements, including omissions, are considered to be material if they, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements'.

As we reported in our audit plan, we determined overall materiality to be £900k (being 2% of gross revenue expenditure). We have considered whether this level remained appropriate during the course of the audit and have made no changes to our overall materiality.

We also set an amount below which misstatements would be clearly trivial and would not need to be accumulated or reported to those charged with governance because we would not expect that the accumulated effect of such amounts would have a material impact on the financial statements. We have defined the amount below which misstatements would be clearly trivial to be £45k. This remains the same as reported in our audit plan. As we reported in our audit plan, we identified the following items where we decided that separate materiality levels were appropriate.

Balance/transaction/disclosure	Explanation	Materiality level
Cash and bank balances	These balances underpin the integrity of the accounts and are material by nature.	£10,000
Disclosures of officers' remuneration, salary bandings and exit packages in notes to the statements	Due to public interest in these disclosures and the statutory requirement for them to be made.	£1,000
Disclosure of auditors' remuneration in notes to the statements	Due to public interest in these disclosures and the statutory requirement for them to be made.	£1,000

Audit findings against significant risks

"Significant risks often relate to significant non-routine transactions and judgmental matters. Non-routine transactions are transactions that are unusual, either due to size or nature, and that therefore occur infrequently. Judgmental matters may include the development of accounting estimates for which there is significant measurement uncertainty" (ISA (UK&I) 315).

In this section we detail our response to the significant risks of material misstatement which we identified in the Audit Plan. As we noted in our plan, there are two presumed significant risks which are applicable to all audits under auditing standards.

	Risks identified in our audit plan	Work completed	Assurance gained and issues arising
1.	The revenue cycle includes fraudulent transactions Under ISA (UK&I) 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue. This presumption can be rebutted if the auditor concludes that there is no risk of material misstatement due to fraud relating to revenue recognition.	Having considered the risk factors set out in ISA240 and the nature of the revenue streams at Mid Devon District Council, we have determined that the risk of fraud arising from revenue recognition can be rebutted, because: • there is little incentive to manipulate revenue recognition • opportunities to manipulate revenue recognition are very limited; and • the culture and ethical frameworks of local authorities, including Mid Devon District Council, mean that all forms of fraud are seen as unacceptable. We have reviewed the accounting policies for revenue recognition.	Our audit work has not identified any issues in respect of revenue recognition.
2.	Management over-ride of controls Under ISA (UK&I) 240 it is presumed that the risk of management over-ride of controls is present in all entities.	 Review of accounting estimates, judgments and decisions made by management Testing of journal entries and review of control environment around posting. Review of unusual significant transactions 	Our audit work has not identified any evidence of management over-ride of controls. In particular the findings of our review of journal controls and testing of journal entries has not identified any significant issues. We set out later in this section of the report our work and findings on key accounting estimates and judgements.

Audit findings against significant risks continued

We have also identified the following significant risks of material misstatement from our understanding of the entity. We set out below the work we have completed to address these risks.

	Risks identified in our audit plan	Work completed	Assurance gained and issues arising
3.	Valuation of property, plant and equipment - Valuation gross, revaluation measurement not correct The Council is required to revalue its assets, this represents a significant estimate by management in the financial statements. The Code requires that the Council ensures that the carrying value at the balance sheet date is not materially different from current value. Mid Devon District Council revalues its assets annually, at the 31st March.	 Documentation and walkthrough of key controls. Review of management's processes and assumptions for the calculation of the estimate. Review of the competence, expertise and objectivity of any management experts used. Review of the instructions issued to valuation experts and the scope of their work Discussions with the Council's valuer about the basis on which the valuation was carried out, challenging the key assumptions. Review and challenge of the information used by the valuer to ensure it was robust and consistent with our understanding. Testing of revaluations made during the year to ensure they were input correctly into the Council's asset register Evaluation of the assumptions made by management for those assets not revalued during the year and how management satisfied themselves that these were not materially different to current value. 	Our work has not identified any issues in this area.
4.	Valuation of pension fund net liability valuation net The Council's pension fund asset and liability as reflected in its balance sheet represent significant estimates in the financial statements.	 Documentation of the key controls that were put in place by management to ensure that the pension fund liability was not materially misstated. Walkthrough of the key controls to assess whether they were implemented as expected and mitigate the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements. Review of the competence, expertise and objectivity of the actuary who carried out the Council's pension fund valuation. Gaining an understanding of the basis on which the IAS 19 valuation was carried out, undertaking procedures to confirm the reasonableness of the actuarial assumptions made. Review of the consistency of the pension fund asset and liability and disclosures in notes to the financial statements with the actuarial report from your actuary. 	Our audit work has identified one issue in respect of the pension fund net liability. Management identified an incorrect disclosure in respect of the return on plan assets, and the presentation was corrected for 2015/16. However, there is a requirement to re-present the 2014/15 comparatives, this has subsequently been adjusted.

Audit findings against other risks

In this section we detail our response to the other risks of material misstatement which we identified in the Audit Plan. Recommendations, together with management responses are attached at appendix A.

Transaction cycle	Description of risk	Work completed	Assurance gained & issues arising
Operating expenses	Creditors understated or not recorded in the correct period (Operating expenses understated)	 Reviewed the system documentation and walkthrough of a transaction. Agreed creditors to the ledger. Substantively tested the significant creditor balances. Reviewed the after date payments to ensure all liabilities had been identified. 	Our audit work has not identified any issues in respect of the understatement or recording of operating expenses
Employee remuneration	Employee remuneration accruals understated (Remuneration expenses not correct)	 Reviewed the system documentation and walkthrough of transaction. Predictive analytical review. Reconciled the pay expenditure reported in the financial statements to total expenditure recorded in the payroll system. Substantively tested a sample of remuneration transactions. 	Our audit work has not identified any issues in respect of the accrual or understatement of employee remuneration

Accounting policies, estimates and judgements

In this section we report on our consideration of accounting policies, in particular revenue recognition policies, and key estimates and judgements made and included with the Council's financial statements.

Accounting area	Summary of policy	Comments	Assessment
Revenue recognition	 Council Tax income included in the Comprehensive Income & Expenditure Statement for the year will be treated as accrued income. Retained Business Rate income included in the Comprehensive Income & Expenditure Statement for the year will be treated as accrued income. Grants and Contributions, whether paid on account, by instalments or in arrears, government grants and third party contributions and donations are recognised as due to the Authority when there is reasonable assurance that: the Authority will comply with the conditions attached to the payments, and the grants or contributions will be received. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the Authority transfers the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the purchaser and it is probable that economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Authority. 	 The policies are: appropriate under the Local Authority Accounting code of Practice (the code); adequately disclosed in the accounting policies; consistent with the code; and have been applied appropriately. 	Green
Judgements and estimates	 Key estimates and judgements include: Useful life of PPE Revaluations Impairments Accruals Valuation of pension fund net liability Provision for NNDR appeals 	 The policies are: appropriate under the Local Authority Accounting code of Practice (the code); adequately disclosed in the accounting policies; consistent with the code; and have been applied appropriately. 	Green

Accounting policies, estimates and judgements continued

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Accounting area	Summary of policy	Comments	Assessment
Going concern	The Head of Finance has a reasonable expectation that the services provided by the Council will continue for the foreseeable future. Members concur with this view. For this reason, the Council continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.	We have reviewed Management's going concern analysis, and we concur with the judgement that the financial statements can be prepared on a going concern basis.	Green
Other accounting policies		We have reviewed the Council's policies against the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice. The Council's accounting policies are appropriate and consistent with previous years.	Green

Other communication requirements

We set out below details of other matters which we, as auditors, are required by auditing standards and the Code to communicate to those charged with governance.

	Issue	Commentary	
1.	Matters in relation to fraud	We have previously discussed the risk of fraud with the Audit Committee. We have not been made aware of any incidents in the period and no other issues have been identified during the course of our audit. We will update our understanding of management's arrangements at the Committee.	
2.	Matters in relation to related parties	e are not aware of any significant incidences of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations.	
3.	Matters in relation to laws and regulations	We are not aware of any significant incidences of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations.	
4.	Written representations	A standard letter of representation has been requested from the Council.	
5.	Confirmation requests from third parties	We requested from management permission to send confirmation requests for Bank and Investment balances. This permission was granted and the requests were sent. All of these requests were returned with positive confirmation,	
6.	Disclosures	Our review found no material omissions in the financial statements. We have agreed some minor disclosure amendments, which management have included in the final statements.	

Other communication requirements continued

Issue	Commentary
Matters on which we report by exception	We have not identified any issues we would be required to report by exception in the following areas
	If the Annual Governance Statement does not meet the disclosure requirements set out in the CIPFA/SOLACE guidance or is misleading or inconsistent with the information of which we are aware from our audit
	The information in the Narrative Report is materially inconsistent with the information in the audited financial statements or our knowledge of the Group/Council acquired in the course of performing our audit, or otherwise misleading.
Specified procedures for Whole of Government	We are required to carry out specified procedures (on behalf of the NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts (WGA) consolidation pack under WGA group audit instructions.
Accounts	No additional work was required as the Council does not exceed the threshold;
	Matters on which we report by exception Specified procedures for Whole of Government

Internal controls

The purpose of an audit is to express an opinion on the financial statements.

Our audit included consideration of internal controls relevant to the preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. We considered and walked through the internal controls for Employee Remuneration, Operating Expenses, the Valuation of property, plant and equipment and Pension net liability. The controls were found to be operating effectively and we have no matters to report to the Audit Committee.



Internal controls – review of issues raised in prior year

	Assessment	Issue and risk previously communicated	Update on actions taken to address the issue
1.	✓	Two Section 106 receipts had not been invoiced or accrued at the year end. This resulted from staff shortage due to illness. Both were invoiced post year end. Recommendation	No similar instances were identified during the 2015/16 audit.
		Where staff shortages occur for longer than a short period. Management review or oversight should be applied to ensure that invoices are raised as promptly as possible.	

Assessment

✓ Action completedX Not yet addressed

Adjusted misstatements

We are required to report all non trivial misstatements to those charged with governance, whether or not the accounts have been adjusted by management. The table below summarises the adjustments arising from the audit which have been processed by management.

Impact of adjusted misstatements

All adjusted misstatements are set out in detail below along with the impact on the key statements and the reported net expenditure for the year.

	Detail	Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement £'000	Balance Sheet £'000	Impact on total net expenditure
1	Prior Period Adjustment (PPA). The Council correctly identified that the return on assets within the pension fund of £2.9m should have been included as a below the line transaction in the I&E and not included under the provision of services. A PPA was included to adjust the previous year's classification. No overall impact.	Movement of £2.9m for the 2014/15 provision of services value to below the line in the CIES. No overall impact.	Impacts on movements in reserves but as a classification item only.	None

Unadjusted misstatements

	Detail	Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement £'000	Balance Sheet £'000	Impact on total net expenditure
1	There are no unadjusted misstatements			

Misclassifications and disclosure changes

The table below provides details of misclassification and disclosure changes identified during the audit which have been made in the final set of financial statements.

1	Disclosure	97	Note 57	A duplicated grant was included in the note to the accounts
2	Disclosure	114	Note 57	Disclosure of the Housing Benefit Subsidy included £114k of nongrant funded transactions
3	Misclassification		Note 22	Management identified an incorrect disclosure in respect of the return on plan assets, and the presentation was corrected for 2015/16. However, there is a requirement to re-present the 2014/15 comparatives, this has subsequently been adjusted.
4	PBSE note added	n/a	n/a	An un-adjusting Post Balance Sheet Event (PBSE) note has been added to highlight the possible reductions in investments following the EU referendum.
	All the above items l	have been a	mended in the financial	statements



Section 3: Value for Money

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Background

We are required by section 21 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 ('the Act') and the NAO Code of Audit Practice ('the Code') to satisfy ourselves that the Council has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. This is known as the Value for Money (VFM) conclusion.

We are required to carry out sufficient work to satisfy ourselves that proper arrangements are in place at the Council. The Act and NAO guidance state that for local government bodies, auditors are required to give a conclusion on whether the Council has put proper arrangements in place.

In carrying out this work, we are required to follow the NAO's Auditor Guidance Note 3 (AGN 03) issued in November 2015. AGN 03 identifies one single criterion for auditors to evaluate:

In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people.

AGN03 provides examples of proper arrangements against three sub-criteria but specifically states that these are not separate criteria for assessment purposes and that auditors are not required to reach a distinct judgement against each of these.

Risk assessment

We carried out an initial risk assessment March 2016 and identified the following significant risks, which we communicated to you in our Audit Plan dated 15 March 2016.

We identified one risk that relates to the Code sub-criteria, that was the reported overspend of £372k forecast for 2015/16; a budget for 2016/17 that was balanced using £326k of New Homes Bonus and a preliminary grant settlement that shows the elimination of your Revenue Support Grant (£1.7m in 2015/16) by 2019/20.

We have continued our review of relevant documents up to the date of giving our report, and have not identified any further significant risks where we needed to perform further work.

We have used the examples of proper arrangements from AGN 03 to explain the gaps in proper arrangements that we have reported in our VFM conclusion.



Significant qualitative aspects

AGN 03 requires us to disclose our views on significant qualitative aspects of the Council's arrangements for delivering economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

We have focused our work on the significant risk that we identified in the Council's arrangements. In arriving at our conclusion, our main considerations were:

- the Council has arrangements in place to address the funding gap; and
- the Council is exploring ways of achieving its projected savings and has already identified significant areas where savings can be achieved.

We have set out more detail on the risks we identified, the results of the work we performed and the conclusions we drew from this work later in this section.

Overall conclusion

For the purposes of our audit findings report, we are required to report back to you the findings in relation to significant risks. Further work performed by us on the other criteria are reported in a separate document as they are not required to be included in this report.

Based on the work we performed to address the significant risk, we concluded that:

• the Council had proper arrangements in all significant respects to ensure it delivered value for money in its use of resources.



Key findings

We set out below our key findings against the significant risk we identified through our initial risk assessment and which was reported in our Audit plan to you.

Significant risk	Work to address	Findings and conclusions
Significant risk The Council reported an overspend of £372k forecast for 2015/16; a budget for 2016/17 that was balanced using £326k of New Homes Bonus and a preliminary grant settlement that showed the elimination of the Revenue Support Grant (£1.7m in 2015/16) by 2019/20.	Work to address We reviewed the Council's MTFP and savings plans, and discussed the projected plans with management	Findings and conclusions The Month 12 Out-turn report was presented at the May Cabinet meeting and the financial position is reported to Cabinet at each meeting. The financial statements show a net overspend of £169k for 2015/16. The MTFP shows an overall deficit on GF totalling £3.3m over the life of the plan, meaning GF reserve would be overdrawn by £952k by the end of 19/20. The deficit for forecast for 2016/17 is £508k, which increases annually peaking at £1.2m in 2019/20. The MTFP Capital Programme is balanced until 18/19 but has £3.1m deficit for 2019/20. The 2016/17 budget has been balanced with a temporary £326k transfer from NHB reserve. Work on strategic planning for delivering balanced budgets in the future to be commenced with the new corporate plan. Presented in October 2015 this shows a cumulative deficit of £3.3m over the five year period. Management have identified potential service savings of £1,811k which could be delivered over the next 4 financial years. The General Fund Balance stands at £2.2m at the 31 march 2016. The Council has identified the extent of savings required for the next four years and has already identified areas of savings that address the majority of the shortfall. The Council has shown that it can manage the savings process and has a good record of identifying and delivering savings. However, it shouldn't be underestimated that the delivery of the MTFP will be challenging for the Council.
		underestimated that the delivery of the MTTT will be challenging for the council.



Section 5: Fees, non-audit services and independence

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Fees and independence

Fees

	Proposed Fee £	Final Fee £
Council audit	47,700	63,600
Grant certification	7,418	9,210
Total audit fees (excluding VAT)	55,118	72,810

The proposed fees for the year were in line with the scale fee set by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA)

Grant certification

Our fees for grant certification cover only housing benefit subsidy certification, which falls under the remit of Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. Fees in respect of other grant work, such as reasonable assurance reports performed last year, are shown under 'Fees for other services'.

Fees for other services

Service	Fees £
Audit related services:	None
Non-audit services	
- Pooling of capital receipts 2014/15	1,400
- HCA Decent Homes backlog claim 2014/15	1,500

Independence and ethics

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention. We have complied with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards.



Section 6: Communication of audit matters

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Communication to those charged with governance

International Standards on Auditing ISA (UK&I) 260, as well as other ISAs, prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table opposite.

The Audit Plan outlined our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while this Audit Findings report presents the key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

Respective responsibilities

The Audit Findings Report has been prepared in the context of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited (http://www.psaa.co.uk/appointing-auditors/terms-of-appointment/)

We have been appointed as the Council's independent external auditors by the Audit Commission, the body responsible for appointing external auditors to local public bodies in England at the time of our appointment. As external auditors, we have a broad remit covering finance and governance matters.

Our annual work programme is set in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice ('the Code') issued by the NAO (https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/about-code/). Our work considers the Council's key risks when reaching our conclusions under the Code.

It is the responsibility of the Council to ensure that proper arrangements are in place for the conduct of its business, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for. We have considered how the Council is fulfilling these responsibilities.

Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	✓	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit. Form, timing and expected general content of communications	✓	
Views about the qualitative aspects of the entity's accounting and financial reporting practices, significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		√
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	✓	✓
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence.	√	✓
Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged		
Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence		
Material weaknesses in internal control identified during the audit		✓
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or others which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		✓
Non compliance with laws and regulations		✓
Expected modifications to auditor's report		✓
Uncorrected misstatements		✓
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		✓
Significant matters in relation to going concern		✓

Appendices

Appendix A: Action plan

Priority

High - Significant effect on control system **Medium** - Effect on control system

Low - Best practice

Rec No.	Recommendation	Priority	Management response	Implementation date & responsibility
1	The Council need to continue to review the financial resilience and robustness of future budget assumptions and savings plans.	High	The Authority has already commenced the budget process for 2017/18 and started to update the assumptions in the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP). All Service managers have been tasked with providing details of the impact on service provision together with any associated risks following budgetary cuts of: a) 10% and; b) 20% of their net direct budgets. Meetings with service accountants are being arranged and a report will go to Cabinet on 27 October 2016. Cabinet will also receive our updated medium term financial plan and the HRA business plan at the same meeting. The future capital programme and associated funding is also being drawn up. We now have a new Corporate plan to assist in prioritisation and by asking for the impact of 10% and 20% reductions in service budgets we hope to be able to provide Members with different options from which they can produce a sustainable balanced General Fund budget. Service provision will also be considered in terms of performance measures with other Councils. There is considerable uncertainty going forward in respect of local government funding and we will need to revisit central government grants and assistance from other bodies such as Devon County Council, especially following the BREXIT vote. We will follow developments closely and base our medium term financial plan on the best available information prior to publication, highlighting the assumptions made in the model.	On-going

Appendix B: Audit opinion

We anticipate we will provide the Council with an TO BE FINALISED ON COMPLETION OF THE AUDIT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MID DEVON DISTRICT COUNCIL

We have audited the financial statements of Mid Devon District Council (the "Council") for the year ended 31 March 2016 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (the "Act"). The financial statements comprise the Movement in Reserves Statement, the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Housing Revenue Account Income and Expenditure Statement, the Housing Revenue Account Income and Expenditure Account, the Collection Fund and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2015/16.

This report is made solely to the members of the Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Act and as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Council and the Council's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Head of Finance and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Head of Finance's Responsibilities, the Head of Finance is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2015/16, which give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Council's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Head of Finance; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Narrative Report and the Annual Governance Statement to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2016 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and

have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2015/16 and applicable law.

Opinion on other matters

In our opinion, the other information published together with the audited financial statements in the Narrative Report and the Annual Governance Statement is consistent with the audited financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We are required to report to you if:

in our opinion the Annual Governance Statement does not comply with the guidance included in 'Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: a Framework' published by CIPFA/SOLACE in June 2007; or we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Act; or we make a written recommendation to the Council under section 24 of the Act; or we exercise any other special powers of the auditor under the Act.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Conclusion on the Council's arrangements to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources

Respective responsibilities of the Council and auditor

The Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Act to be satisfied that the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

Scope of the review of the Council's arrangements to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice prepared by the Comptroller and Auditor General as required by the Act (the "Code"), having regard to the guidance on the specified criteria issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in November 2015, as to whether the Council had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people. The Comptroller and Auditor General determined these criteria as those necessary for us to consider under the Code in satisfying ourselves whether the Council put in place proper arrangements to secure value for money through the economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the year ended 31 March 2016.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether in all significant respects the Council has put in place proper arrangements to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources.

Conclusion

On the basis of our work, having regard to the guidance on the specified criteria issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in November 2015, we are satisfied that in all significant respects *the* Council has put in place proper arrangements to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of the accounts of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the Act and the Code.

Geraldine Daly for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP, Appointed Auditor Hartwell House, 55-61 Victoria Street, Bristol, BS1 6FT

15 July 2016



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